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441—22.4(225C) Services. The following subrules identify, define, and establish guidelines for the delivery of the services which the commission believes should be available within the service system. These services should be made available to a person based on needs identified through a comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis and in accordance with the person's individual program plan. Any one or grouping of these services may be provided in a variety of settings depending on the abilities and needs of the person.

- **22.4(1)** Advocacy and education services. Advocacy and education services are services provided to either individuals or groups to advocate for the rights of persons with a mental illness, mental retardation, developmental disability or brain injury including providing them with legal representation; to provide these persons, their family members or service providers with information about the rights or service needs of these persons and, if appropriate, referral to needed services; to provide consultation to public officials, service providers and other persons concerning the rights and service needs of these persons; and to provide information to the public about the rights and service needs of these persons. These services include:
- a. Individual advocacy services, including the services of mental health advocates as defined in Iowa Code section 229.19, in which the goal is to assist the person to exercise the rights to which the person is entitled and remove barriers to meeting the person's needs.
- b. Legal services which are activities designed to assist the person in exercising constitutional and legislatively enacted rights and which are provided by or under the supervision of a person currently licensed to practice law in the state of Iowa.
- *c*. Information and referral services which are activities designed to provide facts about resources which are available and to assist the person to access those resources.
- d. Consultation services which are activities designed to provide professional assistance and information to individuals, groups, and organizations concerning mental health, mental illness, mental retardation, developmental disabilities, and brain injury in order to increase the providers' effectiveness in carrying out their responsibilities for providing services. These activities are provided to a range of individuals and groups which may include, but need not be limited to, health professionals, schools, courts, public welfare agencies, clergy and parents. Consultation services include the following:
- (1) Case consultation, which means advisory activities directed to a service provider, advocate or family member to assist in providing services or support to a specific person. Consultation activities may include assisting the provider, advocate or family member to develop skills necessary to teach self-advocacy and to provide specialized services to a person with a mental illness, mental retardation, a developmental disability or a brain injury.
- (2) Program consultation, which means advisory activities directed to a service provider to assist the provider in planning, developing, or implementing services or programs or in solving problems or addressing concerns in the provider's own organization.
- (3) Community consultation, which means advisory activities directed to community organizations, planning organizations, and citizens' groups to assist them in the planning and development of services.
- e. Public education services which are activities provided to persons to increase awareness and understanding of the causes and nature of conditions, situations, or problems which interfere with the functioning in society of persons with a mental illness, mental retardation, a developmental disability or a brain injury.
- **22.4(2)** Community rehabilitation services. Community rehabilitation services are activities designed to assist the individual to maintain, gain or regain the practical skills needed to live and socialize in the community. Whenever possible, these services should be taught in natural settings where persons without disabilities live, work, learn and socialize. Community rehabilitation services include:
 - a. Community living skill education services which are:
- (1) Social skill services, which include teaching about self-awareness and social responsiveness, and teaching group participation and interpersonal skills.

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(2) Communication skill services, which include teaching expressive and receptive skills of verbal and nonverbal language, including reading and writing.

- (3) Independent living skill services, which include teaching those skills necessary to sustain oneself in the physical environment and which are essential to the management of one's personal business and property, including self-advocacy skills.
- (4) Self-care skill education services, which include teaching those skills necessary for individuals to care for their physical well-being. These activities focus on personal hygiene, general health maintenance, mobility skills, and other activities of daily living.
- (5) Leisure time and recreational skill services, which include teaching persons how to utilize leisure time in a satisfying manner, as well as the specific leisure skills needed to participate in recreational activities.
- (6) Parenting skill services, which include teaching persons the skills necessary to meet the needs of the person's child or to provide assistance which helps the person to maintain existing skills.
 - b. Academic services which include:
- (1) Basic education services, which include activities that assist the person to acquire general information and skills that establish the basis for subsequent acquisition and application of knowledge. These services are provided under the auspices of an accredited or approved education institution or under the direction of a certified teacher.
- (2) Supported education services, which include activities that provide technical or advanced education with supports or supportive services for persons independently engaged in technical or advanced education programs for individuals who, because of their disabilities, need ongoing support services to participate in and complete the training or course of study.
- **22.4(3)** Service coordination services. Service coordination services are activities provided to ensure that the person has received a comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis, to give assistance to the person in obtaining appropriate services and living arrangements, to coordinate the delivery of services, and to provide monitoring to ensure the continued appropriate provision of services and the appropriateness of the living arrangement. This includes:
 - a. Service coordination services provided in accordance with the following guidelines:
- (1) Service coordination services shall be available regardless of whether or not the person is eligible for or receiving other services.
- (2) Service coordination services include personal advocacy activities which assist the person to exercise the rights to which the person is entitled and remove barriers to meeting the person's needs.
- (3) Service coordination services include outreach, which is a process of systematically reaching into a service area to provide all persons in need with information about services available and how to access them.
- (4) Persons providing service coordination services shall meet minimal qualifications which include a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university in the behavioral sciences, education, health care, human service administration or the social sciences, and one year of postdegree experience in the delivery, planning, coordination or administration of human services; or a high school diploma (or its equivalent) and five years of postdegree experience in the delivery, planning, coordination or administration of human services; or a combination of post-high school experience in the delivery, planning, coordination or administration of human services and post-high school education in the social or behavioral sciences which totals five years. One of the five years must be experience.

Services shall be delivered under the immediate supervision of a person who has at least a bachelor's degree in the behavioral sciences, education, health care, human service administration, or the social sciences, and a minimum of three years of experience in the administration or delivery of human services.

- (5) One service coordinator is assigned to each person receiving service coordination services.
- (6) The service coordinator assists the person in obtaining a comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis which meets the following requirements:
 - Is adapted to the cultural background, primary language, and ethnic origin of the person.
- 2. Meets the definitions of diagnosis and evaluation contained in the standard for evaluation services and meets all the requirements of the standard.

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3. Identifies the person's level of functioning and provides information necessary to determine the need for services in each of the following areas: community rehabilitation, treatment and vocational.

- 4. Is completed by persons with education and experience in the area of functioning which is being evaluated.
- (7) The service coordinator ensures that there is a social history completed which meets the following requirements:
- 1. Assesses the social, cultural, and other factors which may affect the person's ability to maintain the current level of functioning or achieve a higher level of functioning. Factors to be assessed include the history of previous living arrangements and services received, relationships with family and other support systems, cultural and ethnic background and religious affiliation, and the person's preferences regarding vocational opportunities and use of leisure time.
 - 2. Is reviewed annually and updated as necessary.
- (8) The service coordinator coordinates the development of an individual program plan (IPP) which meets the following requirements:
- 1. The IPP is developed using an interdisciplinary process. An interdisciplinary team is identified for each person with the composition determined in coordination with the person or the person's legal guardian. The interdisciplinary team includes: the person, the person's legal guardian and the person's family unless the family's participation is contrary to the wishes of the adult person who has not been legally determined to be incompetent, the service coordinator, all current service providers, other persons whose appropriateness may be identified through the comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis or current reevaluation.
- 2. The person or the person's legal guardian has the ultimate authority to accept or reject the plan unless otherwise determined by a court.
- 3. The IPP is based on the findings of the comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis or current annual reevaluation
 - 4. The IPP is in permanent written form dated and signed by the interdisciplinary team members.
 - 5. The IPP is available to the person and all providers of services.
 - (9) The IPP identifies the following:
- 1. Individualized goals which are general statements of expected accomplishments to be achieved in meeting the needs identified in the comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis or reevaluation.
- 2. Objectives, which may be prioritized and which are specific, measurable and time-limited statements of outcome or accomplishments which are necessary for progress toward each goal.
 - 3. Specific service(s) or service activities to be provided to achieve the objectives.
 - 4. The person(s) or agency(ies) responsible for providing the service(s).
- 5. The date of initiation and anticipated duration of services. The IPP includes identification of the method by which persons or agencies furnishing the service provide to the service coordinator written documentation of the services provided and the person's response to those services.
- 6. The method by which persons or agencies furnishing the service provide to the service coordinator written documentation, and the rationale for any variation from use of the least restrictive environment.
 - 7. The person legally authorized to act on behalf of the person receiving services, when applicable.
 - 8. Services which are needed but not currently available.
 - 9. Recommendations for guardianship or conservatorship, if applicable.
- (10) The service coordinator seeks to determine if service activities identified in the IPP are provided by persons who are appropriately qualified and licensed or certified, when applicable, for the provision of those services. If providers do not appear to meet established qualifications, the service coordinator documents the rationale given for using those providers.
 - (11) The service coordinator identifies the appropriate composition of the interdisciplinary team.
- (12) The service coordinator develops a process for assessing, no less than quarterly, the person's progress toward achieving the goals and objectives identified in the IPP.

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(13) The service coordinator coordinates a periodic but at least annual reevaluation and review of the IPP to measure progress and to modify the plan as necessary. The reevaluation and review should meet the following requirements:

- 1. The reevaluation is conducted by persons with training and skills in the areas being assessed and includes an assessment of the person's current level of functioning and need for services in the following areas: community rehabilitation, treatment and vocational.
 - 2. The interdisciplinary team reviews the current IPP and the findings of the reevaluation.
- 3. There is a written report of the review which includes, but need not be limited to, a summary of the results of the reevaluation and the person's progress toward the objectives in the IPP, the need for continued services, any recommendations concerning alternative services or living arrangements, and any recommended change in guardianship or conservatorship status, if applicable.
- 4. The written report reflects those involved in the review and is made available to the person or the person's legal guardian.
- b. Evaluation services, which are activities designed to identify the person's current level of functioning and those barriers to maintaining or achieving a higher level of functioning. These activities provide sufficient information to identify appropriate services, service settings, and living arrangements necessary to assist the person to maintain the current level or achieve a higher level of functioning.
 - (1) Evaluation services focus on the following:
- 1. Screening, which is the identification of the possible existence of conditions, situations, or problems which are barriers to a person's ability to function.
- 2. Diagnosis, which is the investigation and analysis of the cause or nature of a person's condition, situation, or problem.
- 3. Evaluation, which is the determination of the effects of a condition, situation, or problem on a person's level of functioning and the provision of sufficient information to identify the appropriate services, service settings, and living arrangements to assist the person to maintain or achieve a higher level of functioning.
- (2) Diagnostic and evaluation activities are performed under the direction of a person with at least a master's degree and two years of post-master's degree experience in evaluation and treatment in the appropriate field and licensed or certified when required by Iowa law. All activities are performed by persons with training and skills in the appropriate fields.
- (3) There is a written summary of all screening, diagnosis, and evaluation activities and finding. The summary includes a description of procedures and tests completed and actions taken on completion of the screening, diagnosis, and evaluation activities.
- **22.4(4)** *Personal and environmental supports.* Personal and environmental supports are supports provided to or on behalf of a person in order to allow the person to live in the most integrated situation possible. These supports include:
- a. Transportation activities, which are activities designed to assist the person to travel from one place to another to obtain services or carry out life's activities and which meet the requirements of Iowa Code chapter 601J, where applicable.
- b. Personal care and property maintenance activities including respite care, homemaker services, and chore services in which the goal is to support the person in the person's living situation.
- c. Personal support assistance in the form of financial support, food, clothing, and shelter in which the goal is to support the person in the person's living situation.
- **22.4(5)** *Treatment services.* Treatment services are activities designed to assist the person to maintain or improve physical, emotional and behavioral functioning and to prevent conditions that would present barriers to a person's functioning. Treatment services include physical or physiological treatment and psychotherapeutic treatment.
- a. Physical or physiological treatment means activities designed to prevent, halt, control, relieve, or reverse symptoms or conditions which interfere with the physical or physiological functioning of the human body. The activities are provided by or under the supervision of a licensed health care professional.

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b. Psychotherapeutic treatment means activities provided to assist a person in the identification or modification of beliefs, emotions, attitudes, or behaviors in order to maintain or improve the person's functioning in response to the physical, emotional, and social environment. The activities are provided by or under the supervision of a person who holds a current license when required by Iowa licensure law and who is one of the following:

- (1) A psychiatrist, which means a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery who is certified or eligible for certification by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology and who is fully licensed to practice medicine in the state of Iowa.
- (2) A psychologist, which means a person who is licensed or eligible for licensure to practice psychology in the state of Iowa or who is certified by the Iowa department of education as a school psychologist, or who meets the requirements for eligibility for a license to practice psychology in the state of Iowa as defined in Iowa Code chapter 154B.
- (3) A social worker, which means a person who is licensed or eligible for licensure as a social worker in the state of Iowa.
- (4) A psychiatric nurse, which means a person who is certified or eligible for certification as a psychiatric mental health nurse practitioner pursuant to the board of nursing rules, 655—Chapter 7.
- (5) A mental health counselor, which means a person who is certified or eligible for certification as a mental health counselor by the National Academy of Certified Clinical Mental Health Counselors.
- (6) A doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine or a person with at least a master's degree or its equivalent with coursework focusing on treatment of mental health problems and mental illness, who has two years of supervised experience in providing mental health services.
- (7) A person who has less than a master's degree but at least a bachelor's degree and who has sufficient documented training and experience in treatment of persons with mental health problems and mental illness.
- **22.4(6)** *Vocational services.* Vocational services are activities designed to assist persons to understand the meaning, value and demands of work; to learn or reestablish skills, attitudes, personal characteristics, and work behaviors; to develop functional capacities; to provide paid employment with supports for individuals who, because of their disability, need ongoing support services to maintain that employment; or to assist persons to identify, obtain, and maintain employment commensurate with their needs and abilities. Vocational services are provided in accordance with the following guidelines:
- a. Whenever possible these services are provided in community workplaces in settings which include people who do not have disabilities.
- b. Planned rehabilitation activities enable these persons to regain or attain higher levels of vocational functioning.
 - c. All applicable wage and hour regulations are met.
- d. Persons in work programs are paid wages commensurate with the going rate for comparable work and productivity.